UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

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**BILLY ANDRE** 

Plaintiff,

AMENDED COMPLAINT

CASE No.: 1:14-cv-04973-FB-CLP

-against-

PLAINTIFF(S) DEMAND TRIAL BY JURY

THE CITY OF NEW YORK, P.O. TRACEY DUNCAN, P.O. CHRISTINE DAMICO, LT. LUIS MACHADO, P.O. "JANE DOE" AND "JOHN DOE" 1-10.

1'through' 10 inclusive, the names of the last defendants being fictitious, the true names of the defendants being unknown to the plaintiff(s).

Defendant(s)

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Plaintiff, BILLY ANDRE, by his attorney, Paul Hale Esq., complaining of the defendants, The City of New York, P.O. TRACEY DUNCAN, P.O. CHRISTINE DAMICO, LT. LUIS MACHADO, Police Officers "John" and "Jane" Doe, collectively referred to as the Defendants, upon information and belief alleges as follows:

# **NATURE OF THE ACTION**

1. This is an action at law to redress the deprivation of rights secured to the plaintiff under color of statute, ordinance, regulation, custom, and or to redress the deprivation of rights, privileges, and immunities secured to the plaintiff by the Fourth, Fifth, Eighth and

Fourteenth Amendments to the Constitution of the United States, and by Title 42 U.S.C. § 1983, § 1988 [and § 1985], [and arising under the law and statutes of the State of New York].

2. This is an action to further seek compensation for the serious and permanent personal injuries sustained by the plaintiff, as a result of the negligence of the defendants, perpetrated while said defendant police officers were in the process of illegally and unlawfully arresting plaintiff.

#### **JURISDICTION**

- 3. The jurisdiction of this Court is invoked under 28 U.S.C. §1343(3), this being an action authorized by law to redress the deprivation of rights secured under color of state and city law, statute, ordinance, regulation, custom and usage of a right, privilege and immunity secured to the plaintiff by the Fourth, Fifth, Eighth and Fourteenth Amendment to the Constitution of the United States.
- 4. All causes of action not relying exclusively on the aforementioned federal causes of action as a basis of this Court's jurisdiction are based on the Court's supplemental jurisdiction pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1367 to hear state law causes of action. The events, parties, transactions, and injuries that form the basis of plaintiff's federal claims are identical to the events, parties, transactions, and injuries that form the basis of plaintiff's claims under applicable State and City laws.
- 5. As the deprivation of rights complained of herein occurred within the Eastern District of New York, venue is proper in this district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§1391 (b) and (c).

## **PARTIES**

- 6. Plaintiff BILLY ANDRE is 21 years old, resides in New York and is a resident of the State of New York.
- 7. Defendants Police Officers are, and at all times relevant to this action were, officers of the City of New York Police Department and acting under color of state law. Said officers are being sued in both their individual and official capacities.
- 8. At all times relevant to this action, Defendant P.O. TRACEY DUNCAN was a police officer with the City of New York Police Department and acting under color of state law. He is being sued in both his individual and official capacity.
- 9. At all times relevant to this action, Defendant LT. LUIS MACHADO was a police officer with the City of New York Police Department and acting under color of state law. He is being sued in both his individual and official capacity.
- 10. At all times relevant to this action, Defendant P.O. CHRISTINE DAMICO was a police officer with the City of New York Police Department and acting under color of state law. He is being sued in both his individual and official capacity.
- 11. The Defendant, City of New York is a municipality in the State of New York and employs the Defendants Police Officers.
- 12. The defendant officers were at all material times acting within the scope of their employment, and as such, the defendant City is vicariously liable for the defendant officers' acts as described above.

# FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS COMMON TO ALL CAUSES OF ACTION

13. On 2/1/14 at 6:00 p.m. inside of "In and Out Barber Shop" located at 1113 Flatbush Avenue

- Brooklyn, NY 11226, several uniformed and plainclothes members of the NYPD approached Mr. Andre while he was working.
- 14. The officers asked if he was Billy Andre.
- 15. Mr. Andre answered in the affirmative and then law enforcement asked Mr. Andre to put his hands behind his back.
- 16. Mr. Andre asked why he was being arrested.
- 17. Law enforcement members immediately took Mr., Andre down to the ground and P.O. TRACEY DUNCAN began to beat Mr. Andre with a police baton about the head, legs and body. This was recorded on cell phone video.
- 18. LT. LUIS MACHADO was at the scene the entire time and had stated to the officer striking Mr. Andre, "I have the defendant under control."
- 19. P.O. CHRISTINE DAMICO was also present and failed to intervene in this obviously illegal behavior of P.O. TRACEY DUNCAN.
- 20. Mr. Andre was taken to the 71st precinct despite his clearly visible injuries. Including but not limited to profuse bleeding from his head and obvious severe head injury.
- 21. While at the precinct Mr. Andre continuously asked LT. LUIS MACHADO for medical treatment. His complaints fell on deaf ears.
- 22. Plaintiff was then taken to Brooklyn Central Booking approximately 7 hours later.
- 23. Upon arrival and after the medical intake check at Brooklyn Central Booking, Mr. Andre was immediately sent to Long Island College Hospital.
- 24. At the hospital Mr. Andre received 1 staple to his head and 2 staples to each leg.
- 25. He was also diagnosed with limited motion in his hands and swelling to back of his thighs and shins. Both wrists and hands were observed swollen.

- 26. As a direct and proximate result of defendants' actions, plaintiff suffered and continues to suffer, mental anguish, repetitive injury, psychological and emotional distress, and physical pain and suffering, some or all of which may be permanent.
- 27. As a direct and proximate result of defendants' actions, plaintiff was deprived of rights, privileges and immunities under the Fourth, Eighth and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution and the laws of the City of New York and the State of New York.
- 28. The actions of defendants, acting under color of State law, deprived plaintiff of his rights, privileges and immunities under the laws and Constitution of the United States; in particular, the rights to be secure in his person and property, to be free from the excessive use of force, abuse of process, and the right to due process.
- 29. By these actions, defendants have deprived plaintiff of rights secured by the Fourth, Eighth, and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution, in violation of 42 U.S.C. Section 1983.
- 30. Defendants' actions, as described herein, were undertaken intentionally, willfully and wantonly.
- 31. Defendants Police Officers' conduct violated clearly established rights belonging Plaintiffs, of which reasonable law enforcement knew or should have known.
- 32. The acts or omissions of each of the Police Officer Defendants, including the unconstitutional policy, procedure, custom and/or practice described herein, were the legal and proximate cause of Plaintiffs' damages.

# AS A FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION: 42 U.S.C Section 1983-against all Defendants.

33. Plaintiff hereby restates all paragraphs above of this complaint, as though fully set forth

below.

- 34. By detaining and imprisoning plaintiff, without justification, probable cause or reasonable suspicion, using excessive force, and assaulting him, the Officers, Defendants deprived Plaintiff of rights, remedies, privileges, and immunities guaranteed to every citizen of the United States, in violation of 42 U.S.C. Section 1983, including, but not limited to, rights guaranteed by the Fourth, Eighth and Fourteenth Amendments of the United States Constitution.
- 35. In addition, the Defendants conspired among themselves to deprive plaintiff of his constitutional rights secured by 42 U.S.C. Section 1983, and by the Fourth, Eighth and Fourteenth Amendments to United States Constitution, and took numerous overt steps in furtherance of such conspiracy, as set forth above.
- 36. The Defendant acted under pretense and color of state law and in their individual and official capacities and within the scope of their respective employment as NYPD Officers. Said acts by the Defendants Officers were beyond the scope of their jurisdiction, without authority of law, and in abuse of their powers, and said Defendants acted willfully, knowingly, and with the specific intent to deprive the Plaintiff of his constitutional rights secured by 42 U.S.C. Section 1983, and by the Fourth, Fifth, Eighth and Fourteenth Amendments to the United States Constitution.
- 37. As a direct and proximate cause of the acts of the defendants, plaintiff suffered the following injuries and damages:
  - A. Excessive force imposed upon him;
  - B. Summary punishment imposed upon him;
  - C. Denied equal protection under the law; and

- D. Denial of medical services.
- 38. As a direct and proximate result of the misconduct and abuse of authority detailed above, Plaintiff sustained the damages herein before stated.

### AS A SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION: Failure To Intervene - Fourth Amendment - 42 U.S.C. S 1983

- 39. Members of the NYPD have an affirmative duty to assess the constitutionality of interactions between their fellow members of service and civilians and to intervene where they observe another member of the NYPD or other law enforcement agency employing unjustified and excessive force against a civilian.
- 40. The officer defendants were present for the above-described incident and witnessed other defendants actions.
- 41. The officer defendants' use of force against plaintiffs was unjustified under the circumstances yet the officer defendants failed to take any action or make any effort to intervene, halt or protect plaintiffs from being subjected to their actions by other officer defendants.
- 42. The officer defendants' violations of plaintiffs' constitutional rights by failing to intervene in other defendants' clearly unconstitutional actions resulted in the injuries and damages set forth above.

# AS A THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION:

- 43. Defendant City of New York, as a matter of policy and practice, has with deliberate indifference failed to properly sanction or discipline police officers including the defendants in this case, for violations of the constitutional rights of citizens, thereby causing police officers including defendants in this case, to engage in unlawful conduct.
- 44. Defendant City of New York, as a matter of policy and practice, has with deliberate

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Monell v. City of New York Department of Social Services, 436 U.S. 658

indifference failed to sanction or discipline police officers including the defendants in this

case, who are aware of and subsequently conceal violations of the constitutional rights of

citizens by other police officers thereby causing and encouraging police officers including

defendants in this case, to engage in unlawful conduct.

WHEREFORE, plaintiff respectfully requests judgment against the Defendants as

follows:

I. On the First Cause of Action against all the defendants, compensatory and punitive

damages in an amount to be determined at trial, and reasonable attorneys' fees and costs

under 42 U.S.C. Section 1988;

II. On the Second Cause of Action, against all Defendants, compensatory damages in an

amount to be determined at trial, and punitive damages against the Officers Defendants in

an amount to be determined at trial;

III. On the Third Cause of Action, against all Defendants, compensatory damages in an

amount to be determined at trial, punitive damages against the Defendants in an amount to

be determined at trial;

IV. Such other and further relief as this Court may deem necessary in the interest of justice.

Dated: 5/20/14

Brooklyn, New York

Respectfully Submitted,

By: Paul Hale, Esq 26 Court St. Ste 913 Brooklyn, NY 11242

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